## Name:

## Ionization Energy, Trends, and valence electron exercise Worksheet

- 1. Briefly explain why barium has a lower first ionization energy than calcium.
- Given the following elements and their electron configuration. Which element will have the lowest first 2. ionization energy? Why?
  - Element A  $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^64s^2$
  - Element B  $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^5$
  - Element C 1s<sup>2</sup>2s<sup>2</sup>2p<sup>6</sup>3s<sup>2</sup>3p<sup>6</sup>4s<sup>1</sup> Element D 1s<sup>2</sup>2s<sup>2</sup>2p<sup>6</sup>3s<sup>2</sup>3p<sup>6</sup>
- 3. The first four ionization energies (IE) for the element aluminum are as follows:
  - IE1 = 577 kJ/mol
  - IE2 = 1 817 kJ/mol
  - IE3 = 2.745 kJ/mol
  - IE4 = 11 580 kJ/mol.

How many valence electrons does aluminum have.

- 4. An atom has the following successive ionization energy levels:
  - IE1 = 737 kJ/mol
  - IE2 = 1 450 kJ/mol
  - IE3 = 7 731 kJ/mol
  - IE4 = 10 545 kJ/mol
  - IE5 = 13 627 kJ/mol

How many valence electrons does this element have? Explain.

- 5. Which of these elements would have the highest value for the second ionization energy? Why? a. K b. Si c. Ar d. Br
- 6. Which of the following has the largest atomic radius and which has the smallest? Explain.
  - nitrogen
  - b.antimony
  - c.arsenic
- Arrange the following from largest to smallest. Explain the order. Ne, Mg<sup>2+</sup>, F<sup>-</sup>, Na<sup>+</sup>, O<sup>2-</sup> 7.