Identifying an unknown through qualitative analysis	WS-6	Name:

1. Which ions are present in the following unknown solutions:

	Unknown solution	Test solution	Results	Ions present
Α	Ag <sup>+</sup> or Mg <sup>2+</sup>	HCI	Ppt	
В	Cr <sup>3+</sup> or K <sup>+</sup>	(NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>	No ppt	
С	Fe <sup>2+</sup> or Sr <sup>2+</sup>	NH <sub>4</sub> OH	Ppt	
D	Pb <sup>2+</sup> or Mn <sup>2+</sup>	HCI	No ppt	

- 2. A solution contains  $Mg^{2+}$ ,  $Pb^{2+}$  and  $Zn^{2+}$ . What compounds could be added, and in what order, to separate these ions?
- 3. A solution contains one or more of  $Ag^+$ ,  $Ba^{2+}$  and  $Ni^{2+}$ . What ions could be added, and in what order, to determine which of these cations are present?

Setup a table of solubilities:

- 4. A solution contains  $Sr^{2+}$ ,  $Ca^{2+}$  and  $Ag^{+}$ . What compounds could be added, and in what order, to separate these ions?
- 5. A solution contains Fe<sup>3+</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>, Ag<sup>+</sup> and Be<sup>2+</sup>. What compounds could be added, and in what order, to separate these ions?
- 6. A solution is known to contain one or more of the ions:  $S^{2-}$ ,  $OH^-$ ,  $CI^-$  and  $CO_3^{2-}$ . You are to identify the ions present using ONLY the reagents:  $AgNO_3$ ,  $Ba(NO_3)_2$ ,  $Cu(NO_3)_2$  and  $Sr(NO_3)_2$ . Briefly describe a procedure which could be used in analyze the anions in the solution.